#### §457.353

another screening shows that the applicant is no longer potentially eligible for Medicaid.

\* \* \* \* \*

- (i) Applicants found potentially eligible for other insurance affordability programs. For individuals identified in paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the State must promptly and without undue delay, consistent with the timeliness standards established under §457.340(d) of this subpart, transfer the electronic account to the applicable program via a secure electronic interface.
- (j) Applicants potentially eligible for Medicaid on a basis other than modified adjusted gross income. For individuals identified in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, the State must—
- (1) Promptly and without undue delay, consistent with the timeliness standards established under §457.340(d) of this subpart, transfer the electronic account to the Medicaid agency via a secure electronic interface:
- (2) Complete the determination of eligibility for CHIP in accordance with §457.340 of this subpart; and
- (3) Disenroll the enrollee from CHIP if the State is notified in accordance with  $\S435.1200(\mathrm{d})(5)$  of this chapter that the applicant has been determined eligible for Medicaid.
- (k) A State may enter into an arrangement with the Exchange for the entity that determines eligibility for CHIP to make determinations of eligibility for advanced premium tax credits and cost sharing reductions, consistent with 45 CFR 155.110(a)(2).

# § 457.353 Monitoring and evaluation of screening process.

States must monitor and establish a mechanism to evaluate the screen and enroll process described at §457.350 to ensure that children who are screened potentially eligible for Medicaid are enrolled in Medicaid, if eligible, and that children who are found ineligible for Medicaid are enrolled in the separate child health program, if eligible.

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 77 FR 17216, Mar. 23, 2012, §457.353 was revised, effective Jan. 1, 2014. For the convenience of the user, the revised text is set forth as follows:

## § 457.353 Monitoring and evaluation of screening process.

States must establish a mechanism and monitor to evaluate the screen and enroll process described at \$457.350 of this subpart to ensure that children who are:

(a) Screened as potentially eligible for other insurance affordability programs are enrolled in such programs, if eligible; or

(b) Determined ineligible for other insurance affordability programs are enrolled in CHIP, if eligible.

#### §457.355 Presumptive eligibility.

- (a) General rule. Consistent with subpart D of this part, the State may pay costs of coverage under a separate child health program, during a period of presumptive eligibility for children applying for coverage under the separate child health program, pending the screening process and a final determination of eligibility (including applicants found through screening to be potentially eligible for Medicaid)
- (b) Expenditures for coverage during a period of presumptive eligibility. Expenditures for coverage during a period of presumptive eligibility implemented in accordance with §435.1102 of this chapter may be considered as expenditures for child health assistance under the plan.

[66 FR 2675, Jan. 11, 2001, as amended at 66 FR 33823, June 25, 2001]

## § 457.380 Eligibility verification.

- (a) The State must establish procedures to ensure the integrity of the eligibility determination process.
- (b) A State may establish reasonable eligibility verification mechanisms to promote enrollment of eligible children and may permit applicants and enrollees to demonstrate that they meet eligibility requirements through self-declaration or affirmation except that a State may permit self-declaration of citizenship only if the State has effective, fair and non-discriminatory procedures to ensure the integrity of the application process in accordance with §457.320(c).

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 77 FR 17216, Mar. 23, 2012, §457.380 was revised, effective Jan. 1, 2014. For the convenience of the user, the revised text is set forth as follows:

#### § 457.380 Eligibility verification.

(a) General requirements. Except where law requires other procedures (such as for citizenship and immigration status information), the State may accept attestation of information needed to determine the eligibility of an individual for CHIP (either selfattestation by the individual or attestation by an adult who is in the applicant's household, as defined in §435.603(f) of this subchapter, or family, as defined in section

36B(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, an authorized representative, or if the individual is a minor or incapacitated, someone acting responsibly for the individual) without requiring further information (including documentation) from the individual.

- (b) [Reserved]
- (c) State residents. If the State does not accept self-attestation of residency, the State must verify residency in accordance with §435.956(c) of this chapter.
- (d) *Income*. If the State does not accept self-attestation of income, the State must verify the income of an individual by using the data sources and following standards and procedures for verification of financial eligibility consistent with §435.945(a), §435.948 and §435.952 of this chapter.
- (e) Verification of other factors of eligibility. For eligibility requirements not described in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, a State may adopt reasonable verification procedures, consistent with the requirements in §435.952 of this chapter, except that the State must accept self-attestation of pregnancy unless the State has information that is not reasonably compatible with such attestation.
- (f) Requesting information. The terms of §435.952 of this chapter apply equally to the State in administering a separate CHIP.
- (g) Electronic service. Except to the extent permitted under paragraph (i) of this section, to the extent that information sought under this section is available through the electronic service described in §435.949 of this chapter, the State must obtain the information through that service.
- (h) Interaction with program integrity requirements. Nothing in this section should be construed as limiting the State's program integrity measures or affecting the State's obligation to ensure that only eligible individuals receive benefits or its obligation to provide for methods of administration that are in the best interest of applicants and enrollees and are necessary for the proper and efficient operation of the plan.
- (i) Flexibility in information collection and verification. Subject to approval by the Secretary, the State may modify the methods to be used for collection of information and verification of information as set forth in this section, provided that such alternative source will reduce the administrative costs and burdens on individuals and States while maximizing accuracy, minimizing delay, meeting applicable requirements relating to the confidentiality, disclosure, maintenance, or use of information, and promoting coordination with other insurance affordability programs.
- (j) Verification plan. The State must develop, and update as modified, and submit to the Secretary, upon request, a verification plan describing the verification policies and procedures adopted by the State to imple-

ment the provisions set forth in this section in a format and manner prescribed by the Secretary.

### Subpart D—State Plan Requirements: Coverage and Benefits

Source: 66 FR 2678, Jan. 11, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

# §457.401 Basis, scope, and applicability.

- (a)  $Statutory\ basis$ . This subpart interprets and implements—
- (1) Section 2102(a)(7) of the Act, which requires that States make assurances relating to, the quality and appropriateness of care, and access to covered services;
- (2) Section 2103 of the Act, which outlines coverage requirements for children's health insurance;
- (3) Section 2109 of the Act, which describes the relation of the CHIP program to other laws;
- (4) Section 2110(a) of the Act, which describes child health assistance; and
- (5) Section 2110(c) of the Act, which contains definitions applicable to this subpart.
- (b) *Scope*. This subpart sets forth requirements for health benefits coverage and child health assistance under a separate child health plan.
- (c) Applicability. The requirements of this subpart apply to child health assistance provided under a separate child health program and do not apply to a Medicaid expansion program.

## § 457.402 Definition of child health assistance.

For the purpose of this subpart, the term "child health assistance" means payment for part or all of the cost of health benefits coverage provided to targeted low-income children for the following services:

- (a) Inpatient hospital services.
- (b) Outpatient hospital services.
- (c) Physician services.
- (d) Surgical services.
- (e) Clinic services (including health center services) and other ambulatory health care services.
- (f) Prescription drugs and biologicals and the administration of these drugs and biologicals, only if these drugs and